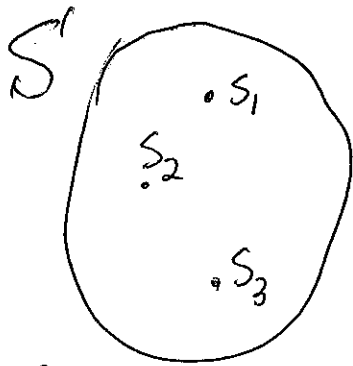


# Ch. 10 Stochastic Processes

①



Sample space corresponding to an experiment.

## Random variable

- ~~maps~~ associates a number to each outcome  $s$  in sample space  $S$

Notation:  $X$  ( $X(s)$ ) (e.g. roll a die)

## Random vector

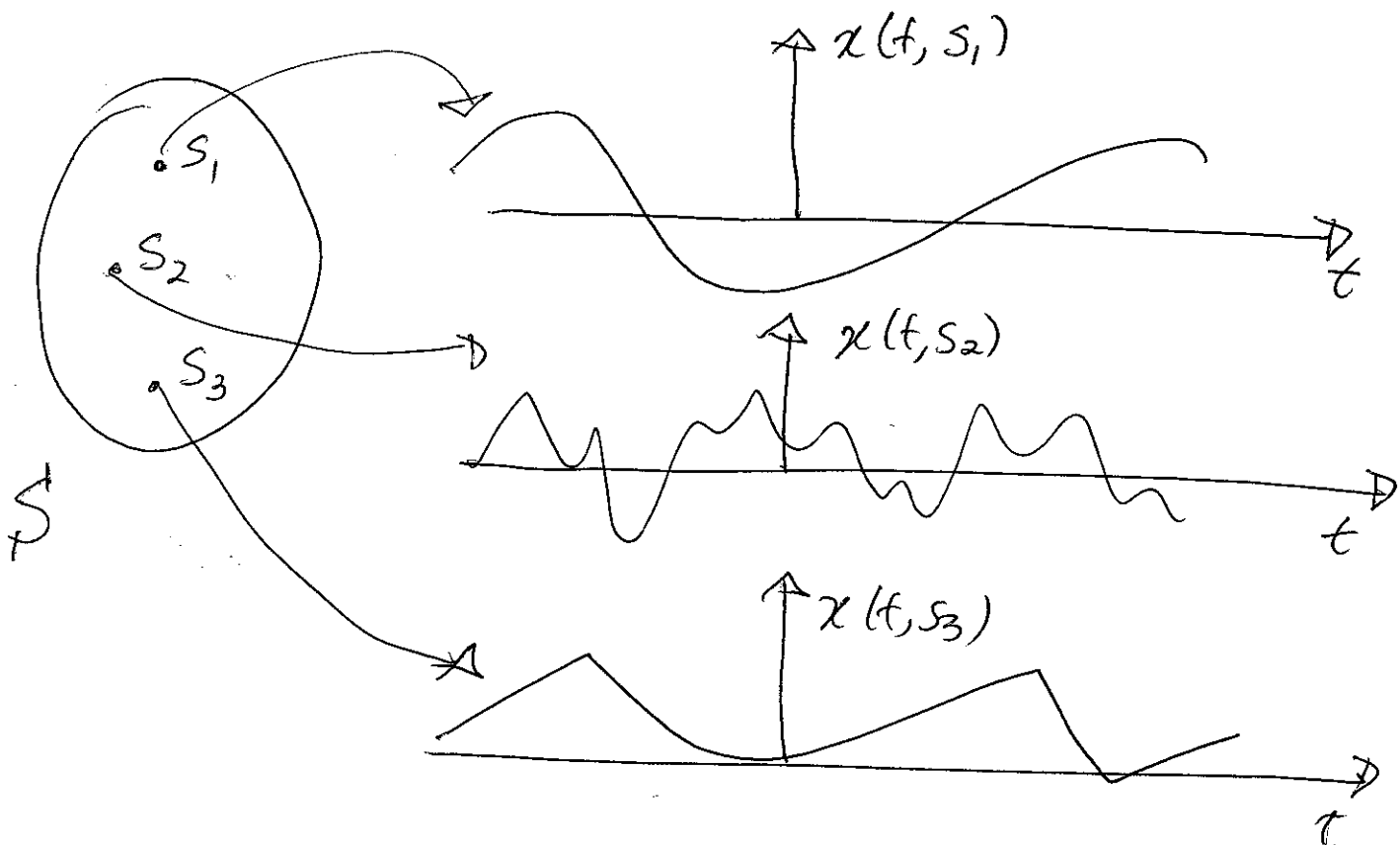
- associates a vector to each outcome  $s \in S$

Notation:  $[X Y]$  or  $[X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n]$ .

## Random / stochastic process

(e.g. roll 2 die)

- associates a sample function to each outcomes  $s \in S$  (e.g. roll a die over + over + over - - -)



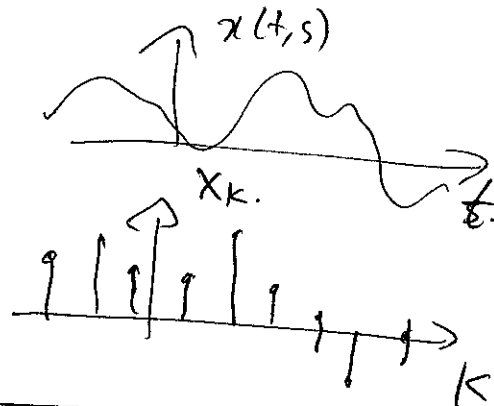
Definition: a sample function  $x(t, s)$  is the time function (2) associated with an outcome  $s \in \mathcal{S}$ .

Definition: The ensemble of a RP is the set of all sample functions.

2 Types of Random processes:

1) Random waveforms: denoted as  $X(t)$   
(analog waveforms)

2) Random sequences: denoted as  $X_k$   
(sampled waveforms).



EX: Starting at launch time  $t=0$ , let  $X(t)$  denote the temp-on the surface of a space shuttle. With each launch  $s$ , record the temperature sequence  $x(t, s)$ .  
(in seconds)

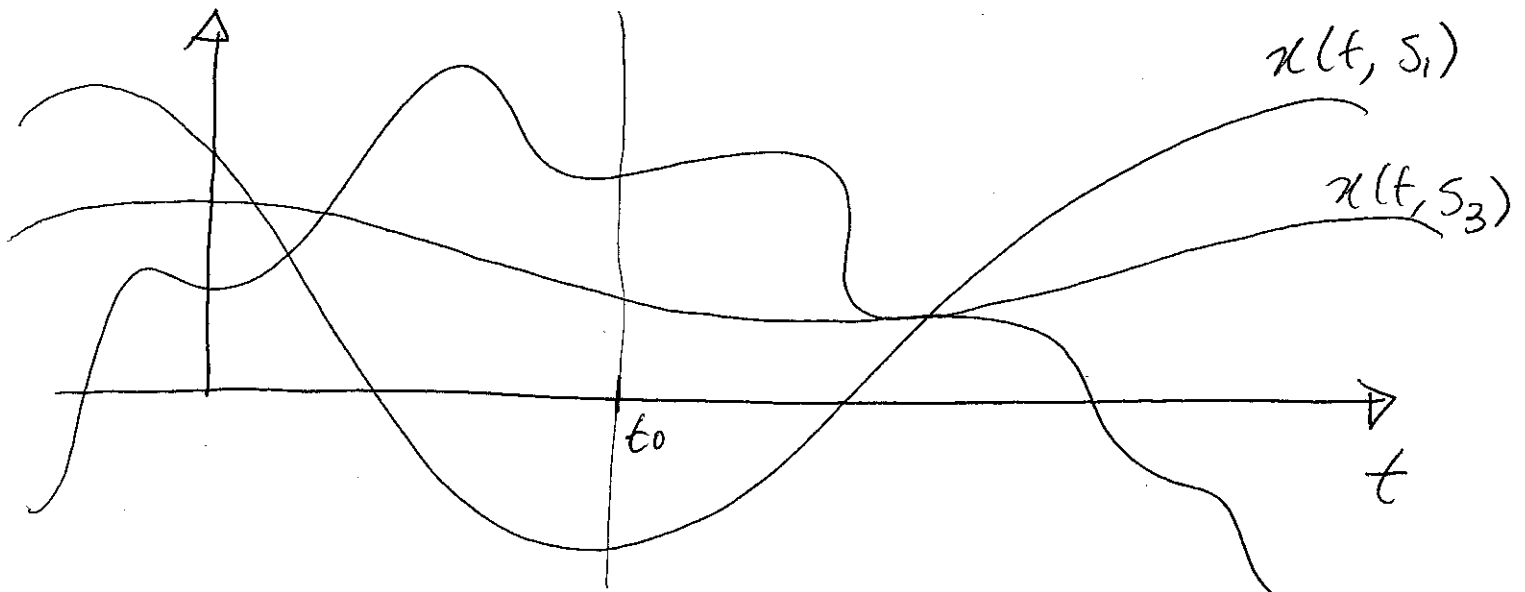
• What is the ensemble? all possible temperature waveforms that we might observe.

• What does  $x(8073.68, 175) = 207$  mean?

On the 175th launch, at time 8073.68 seconds, the recorded temperature was 207 degrees.

Relationship between random processes, random vectors,  
and random variables? YES!

3



• For a given  $t_0 \Rightarrow X(t_0, s) \equiv X(t_0)$  is a random variable,  $x(t, s_2)$   
(notation equivalence)

• For given  $t_1, t_2 \Rightarrow [X(t_1, s) \ X(t_2, s)] \equiv [X(t_1) \ X(t_2)]$  is a pair of random variables.

• For any  $t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n \Rightarrow [X(t_1) \ X(t_2) \ \dots \ X(t_n)]$  is a random vector

# Averages:

(4)

• ensemble average: Fix  $t_0 \Rightarrow X(t_0)$  is then a RV

$\Rightarrow E[X(t_0)]$  is an "ensemble average" (average over  $s$ )

• time average: Fix outcome  $s_0 \Rightarrow x(t, s_0)$  is a deterministic function

$\Rightarrow$  average of  $x(t, s_0) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t, s_0) dt$  Not random, Known!

is a "time average" (average over  $t$ )

EX: Continuing the launch example, what is (time or ensemble average)

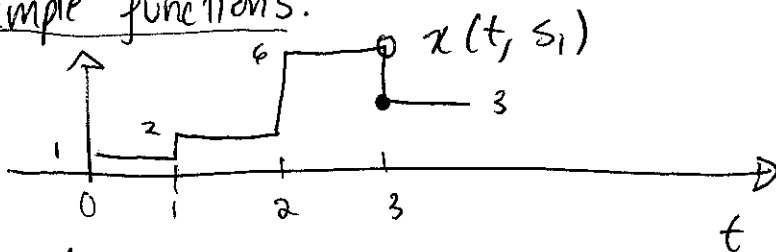
"average temp. of the 175<sup>th</sup> launch"? time average (fixed  $s$ !)

"average temp. ~~at~~ 100 seconds"? ensemble average (fixed  $t$ !)

EX: At time instant  $T=0, 1, 2, \dots$  roll a die and record the outcome  $N_T$ , where  $1 \leq N_T \leq 6$  (integer). Define the random process  $X(t)$  such that: for  $T \leq t < T+1$ ,  $X(t) = N_T$ .

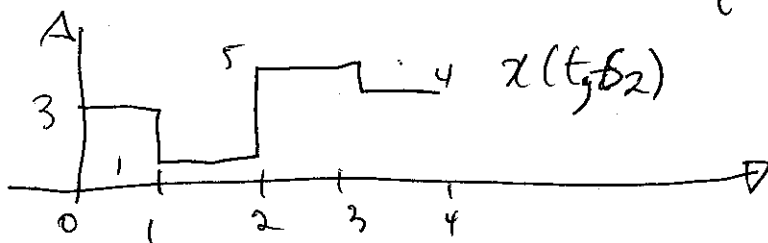
• Draw some sample functions.

$s_1 = 1, 2, 6, 3$



• What is  $X(3.5)$ ?  
Is a RV equal to the roll at time  $T=3$ .

$s_2 = 3, 1, 5, 4$



• What is the distribution of  $X(3.5)$ ?  
 $P_{X(3.5)}(x) = \begin{cases} 1/6 & x \in \{1, \dots, 6\} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$